Rev. 2016

## 801 EQUAL ACCESS TO SCHOOL FACILITIES

### I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is to implement the Equal Access Act by granting equal access to secondary school facilities for students who wish to conduct a meeting for religious, political, or philosophical purposes during non-instructional time.

#### II. GENERAL STATEMENT OF POLICY

- A. The St. Charles Public Schools does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, disability, or age in its programs and activities.
- B. The policy of the school district is not to deny equal access or a fair opportunity to, or to discriminate against, any students who wish to conduct a meeting, on the basis of the religious, political, philosophical, or other content of the speech at such meetings.
- C. The school board has created a limited open forum for students enrolled in secondary schools during which non-curriculum-related student groups shall have equal access and a fair opportunity to conduct meetings during non-instructional time.
- D. Student use of facilities under this policy does not imply school district sponsorship, approval, or advocacy of the content of the expression at such meetings.
- E. The school district retains its authority to maintain order and discipline on school premises, to protect the well-being of students and faculty, and to assure that attendance of students at meetings is voluntary.
- F. In adopting and implementing this equal access policy, the school district will NOT:
  - 1. influence the form or content of any prayer or other religious activity;

- 2. require any person to participate in prayer or other religious activity;
- 3. expend public funds beyond the incidental cost of providing the space for student-initiated meetings;
- 4. compel any school agent or employee to attend a school meeting if the content of the speech at the meeting is contrary to the beliefs of the agent or employee;
- 5. sanction meetings that are otherwise unlawful;
- 6. limit the rights of groups of students based on the size of the group;
- 7. abridge the constitutional rights of any person.
- G. The following person has been designated to handle inquiries regarding the non-discrimination policies:

Mark Roubinek, Title IX Officer/Superintendent of Schools 600 East 6<sup>th</sup> Street, St. Charles, MN 55972 507-932-4420 mroubinek@schs.k12.mn.us

Theresa Nunemacher, /Human rights Officer/504 Coordinator/ Social Worker

600 East 6<sup>th</sup> Street, St. Charles, MN 55972 507-932-4420 tnunemacher@schs.k12.mn.us

For further information on notice of non-discrimination, see list of OCR enforcement offices for the address and phone number of the office that serves your area, or call (800) 421-3481

### III. DEFINITIONS

- A. "Limited open forum" means that the school grants an offering to or opportunity for one or more non-curriculum related student groups to meet on school premises during non-instructional time.
- B. "Secondary school" means any school with enrollment of pupils ordinarily in grades 7 through 12 or any portion thereof.

- C. "Sponsorship" includes the act of promoting, leading, or participating in a meeting. The assignment of a school employee for custodial, observation, or maintenance of order and discipline purposes does not constitute sponsorship of the meeting.
- D. "Meeting" includes activities of student groups which are permitted under a limited open forum and are not directly related to the school curriculum. Distribution of literature does not constitute a meeting protected by the Equal Access Act.
- E. "Non-instructional time" means time set aside by the school before actual classroom instruction begins or after actual classroom instruction ends, including such other periods that occur during the school day when no classroom instruction takes place.

#### IV. FAIR OPPORTUNITY CRITERIA

Schools in this school district shall uniformly provide that:

- A. A meeting held pursuant to this policy is voluntary and student-initiated;
- B. There is no sponsorship of the meeting by the school or its agents or employees;
- C. Employees or agents of the school are present at religious meetings only in a non-participatory capacity;
- D. The meeting does not materially and substantially interfere with the orderly conduct of educational activities within the school; and
- E. Non-school persons may not direct, control, or regularly attend activities of student groups.

# V. PROCEDURES

- A. Any student who wishes to initiate a meeting under this policy shall apply to the principal of the building at least 48 hours in advance of the time of the activity or meeting. The student must agree to the following:
  - 1. All activities or meetings must comply with existing policies, regulations, and procedures that govern operation of school-sponsored activities.
  - 2. The activities or meetings are voluntary and student-initiated. The principal may require assurances of this fact.
- B. Student groups meeting under this policy must comply with the following rules:
  - 1. Those attending must not engage in any activity that is illegal, dangerous, or which materially and substantially interferes with the orderly conduct of the educational activities of the school. Such activities shall be grounds for discipline of an individual student and grounds for a particular group to be denied access.
  - 2. The groups may not use the school name, school mascot name, school emblems, the school district name, or any name that might imply school or district sponsorship or affiliation in any activity, including fundraising and community involvement.
  - 3. The groups must comply with school policies, regulations and procedures governing school-sponsored activities.
- C. Students applying for use of school facilities under this policy must provide the following information to the principal: time and date of meeting, estimated number of students in attendance, and special equipment needs.
- D. The building principal has responsibility to:
  - 1. Keep a log of application information.

- 2. Find and assign a suitable room for the meeting or activity. The number of students in attendance will be limited to the safe capacity of the meeting space.
- 3. Note the condition of the facilities and equipment before and after use.
- 4. Assure proper supervision. Assignment of staff to be present in a supervisory capacity does not constitute school district sponsorship of the meeting or activity. Supervision would be available from approximately 7:30 AM 3:30 PM as dictated by availability of adult supervisory staff.
- 5. Assure that the meeting or activity does not interfere with the school's regular instructional activities.
- E. The school district shall not expend public funds for the benefit of students meeting pursuant to this policy beyond the incidental cost of providing space. The school district will provide no additional or special transportation.
- F. Non-school persons may not direct, conduct, control, or regularly attend meetings and activities held pursuant to this policy.
- G. School district employees or agents may not promote, lead, participate in, or otherwise sponsor meetings or activities held pursuant to this policy.
- H. A copy of this policy and procedures shall be made available to each student who initiates a request to use school facilities.

Adopted on first reading: January 11, 2016

Adopted on second reading: February 8, 2016

**Legal References:** 20 U.S.C. §§ 4071-74 (Equal Access Act)

20 U.S.C. § 7905 (Boy Scouts of America Equal Access Act)

Board of Educ. of Westside Community Schools v. Mergens, 496 U.S. 226,

1105 S.Ct. 2356 (1990)

Good News Club v. Milford Central School, 533 U.S. 98, 1215 S.Ct. 2093 (2001)

Child Evangelism Fellowship of Minnesota v. Elk River Area School Dist. 728, 599 F.Supp. 2d 1136 (D. Minn. 2009)

Cross References: MSBA/MASA Model Policy 902 (Use of School District Facilities and

Equipment)

MSBA Service Manual, Chapter 13, School Law Bulletin "O" (Equal

Access Act)

The Purpose, General Statement of Policy, Definitions, and Fair Opportunity Criteria sections reflect the language and requirements of the Equal Access Act and so should be adopted as written. School Boards have discretion to adopt reasonable procedures to implement the Act, however. We have provided a section on Procedures as a model.